




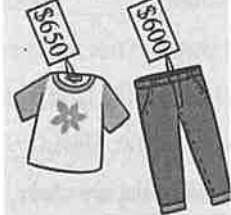
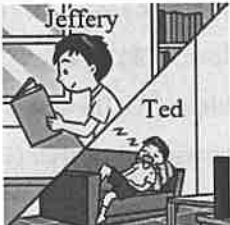

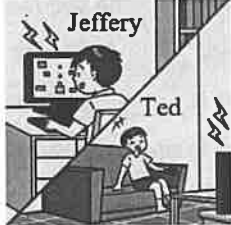
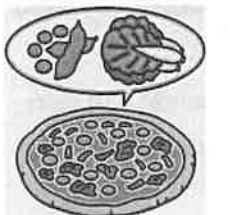
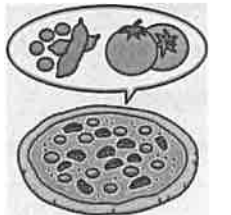
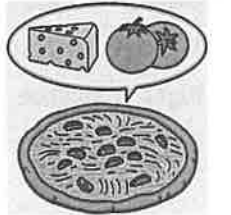





※手寫題請用黑色原子筆作答，違者一律扣 5 分!

第一部分、聽力測驗 15%

A. 辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出正確的圖片代碼。5% (每題 1 分)

() 1	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
() 2	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
() 3	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
() 4	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
() 5	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 

B. 基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出合適的回應。5% (每題 1 分)

- () 6. (A) It's near the window. (B) Don't worry about it. (C) Oh yes! I'm clean now.
- () 7. (A) No, they're yellow jeans. (B) No, I forgot to wash them. (C) No, I clean them every day.
- () 8. (A) It tastes great. (B) Butter, please. (C) It looks like mine.
- () 9. (A) You look so tired. (B) It's my favorite jacket. (C) It was the cheapest one of all.
- () 10. (A) They are yours. (B) They look beautiful. (C) He likes white shoes.

C. 言談理解：根據聽到的對話內容與問題，選出正確的答案。5% (每題 1 分)

- () 11. (A) It's as hot as it was yesterday. (B) It's hotter than it was yesterday. (C) It's cooler than it was yesterday.
() 12. (A) The girl's mom can't make pizza. (B) The girl ate at a pizza shop yesterday. (C) The girl worked at a pizza shop.
() 13. (A) The man is thinner now. (B) They may buy some clothes. (C) The woman needs some new pants.
() 14. (A) The weather looks nice. (B) It's safer to go outside now. (C) Going out is more dangerous than staying.
() 15. (A) John would like to buy bigger pants. (B) The woman wants to buy shirts for John.
() (C) John won't go shopping with the woman.

第二部分、綜合測驗

一、語法選擇 30% (每題 2 分)

- () 16. This question is _____ than that question. (A) easy (B) easier (C) easiest (D) the easiest
() 17. Carol is as _____ as Sara. (A) tall (B) taller (C) tallest (D) the tallest
() 18. My house is _____ beautiful than her house. (A) little (B) few (C) more (D) most
() 19. This watch is not my brother's. _____ is on the desk. (A) Its (B) His (C) Hers (D) Yours
() 20. I invited Sophie to my party. She is a friend of _____. (A) I (B) me (C) my (D) mine
() 21. Who is shorter, Helen _____ Rita? (A) and (B) or (C) but (D) so
() 22. Our bedrooms are clean, but _____ are messy. (A) girls (B) the girl (C) the girl's (D) the girls'
() 23. May: _____ do you feel about the song? Jay: I love it! (A) How (B) What (C) Why (D) When
() 24. Annie: _____ do I look like in the white dress? Vivian: A queen. (A) How (B) What (C) Why (D) When
() 25. Ruby is _____ girl in the world. (A) cuter (B) cutest (C) the cutest (D) cuter than
() 26. Brian is smarter than anyone else in our class. He is _____ of all. (A) smart (B) smarter (C) smartest (D) the smartest
() 27. Taipei is _____ city in Taiwan. (A) good (B) better (C) best (D) the best
() 28. What's wrong with you? You _____ sad last night. (A) looked (B) tasted (C) smelled (D) touched
() 29. Lavender: Living in Hualien is _____ convenient than living in Taipei.
Susie: Right. In Hualien, it's hard to get anywhere. (A) much (B) more (C) little (D) less
() 30. Ted: I feel _____ better now! Thank you! Gina: Don't mention it. (A) much (B) more (C) little (D) less

二、克漏字測驗 5% (每題 1 分)

_____(31)_____ does it feel like to be in a world full of cheese? _____(32)_____ the cheese market in the Netherlands, and you will find out. There are cheese markets in many towns and _____(33)_____, but the Alkmaar cheese market is _____(34)_____ famous of all. To make a _____(35)_____, buyers and sellers clap each other's hands and shout out the price. After they agree on a price, they shake hands with a smile.

- () 31. (A) What (B) How (C) When (D) Where
() 32. (A) To visit (B) Visiting (C) Visit (D) Visited
() 33. (A) bells (B) buns (C) rings (D) villages
() 34. (A) more (B) the more (C) most (D) the most
() 35. (A) deal (B) toy (C) plan (D) wish

三、閱讀測驗 18% (每題 2 分)

- I. You have a sweet tooth. You like chocolate, candy, and cake. They may not be good for your body, but you just can't say no to them. What's wrong with you? Well, maybe it's not because of you; it's because of your brain.


With sugar in your body, your brain makes dopamine. With dopamine, you get good feelings, and your brain likes those feelings. But the dopamine will fade away after a few hours, and then your brain will want more. And you will want sweet food again. Your brain loves sugar, so you eat more and more sweet food, from a small piece of cake to a big plate of chocolate. That's why some people can't stop eating sweet food.

 brain 腦袋 fade away 逐漸消失 dopamine 多巴胺

- () 36. You have a sweet tooth means you _____.
- (A) are friendly to people (B) have toothache that hurts
(C) can't eat chocolate or candy (D) like sweet food very much
- () 37. Which may be the title of the reading?
- (A) How Much Sugar Do You Need a Day? (B) Does Your Body Need Sugar?
(C) What Does Sugar Do to Your Brain? (D) Which Is Better, a Piece of Cake or a Plate of Chocolate?
- () 38. Which is true about the reading?
- (A) You have good feelings. → Your brain makes dopamine. → You want sugar. → You have good feelings.
→ Brain wants sugar.
- (B) You have good feelings. → You eat sugar. → Your brain wants sugar. → You eat sugar.
→ Your brain makes dopamine.
- (C) You eat sugar. → Your brain makes dopamine. → You have good feelings. → Dopamine fade away.
→ Brain wants sugar.
- (D) You eat sugar. → Brain makes dopamine. → You get bad feelings. → You don't want more sugar.
→ Brain wants sugar.

II.

Whale Sharks vs. Blue Whales	
<p>Whale Sharks</p> <p>Whale Sharks are the largest fish in the sea; they can grow to 10 meters long. That is about the size of a bus. Their backs are gray to brown, and there are many white dots on them. With their big mouths, they can have about three tons of little shrimp and plankton a day. They can be very old and live to 70 to 100 years old. A mother whale shark can have over 300 eggs every year. It carries the eggs inside its body, and its babies hatch there. Although they are the largest sharks in the sea, they are <u>gentle</u> giants and almost never hurt other sea animals.</p>	<p>Blue Whales</p> <p>Blue whales are the largest animals on Earth, and they can live to the age of 80 to 90. Blue whales have long and large bodies. They can grow 40 meters long. Their blue- gray color appears light blue underwater, so they got the name, blue whale. Blue whales can't breathe under water like fish. They use lungs to breathe just like human do. Besides, a mother blue whale gives birth to a baby every 2 to 3 years, and it feeds its baby with its milk. When the baby blue whale is able to live without its mother's milk, it will leave the small group of blue whales and start a new life on its own.</p>

 breathe 呼吸 hatch 孵化 lung 肺 give birth to 生產 appear 出現

- () 39. Who is a "gentle" person?
- (A) Brian. He plays computer games all day long and never goes out with friends.
(B) Brad. He works from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. every day and never takes a break.
(C) Anna. She gets angry easily and never smiles to people.
(D) Alisa. She is always kind to her baby sister and takes good care of her.
- () 40. Athena is taking some notes about the two animals. What information CAN'T she get from the article?
- (A) What colors they have. (B) How long they will live.

(C) What sea areas they live. (D) What sizes they can grow to.

() 41. Which is true about the reading?

(A) Whale sharks eat fish for food; sometimes they hurt people. (B) Whale sharks is smaller than blue whales.

(C) Blue whales can breathe under water like other fish. (D) A mother blue whale hatches her baby but never milks it.

III.

People are able to know the world through all the information around them, so news is important in people's lives. However, **fake** news is now everywhere. Fake news is not good, but it's very popular. There are some reasons. First, everyone is free to talk about their ideas on the Internet, and other people may take those ideas as news without thinking. When more and more people use social media, it is easier for people to get wrong information than before. Second, the things social media shows usually meet people's taste. For example, if someone thinks fruits are good for health, he or she will seldom get information saying fruits are bad for diabetic patients. Third, people like to share news with unusual words. The words in fake news are usually more surprising, interesting, and exciting. When a piece of fake news appears, it usually takes only 10 minutes for 1,000 people to see it. However, when a piece of true information appears, it usually takes 60 minutes for 500 people to see it. It's much faster for a piece of fake news to be known.

Because of these reasons, people hear and see a lot of fake news every day. If a person keeps getting wrong information, he or she will have wrong ideas about the world. To be a good person, everyone should try their best to think about all the news and information carefully.

media 媒體 diabetic 糖尿病的 patients 病人 unusual 特殊的 appear 出現

() 42. What does it mean when a piece of news is "fake"?

(A) It is exciting and surprising for people. (B) It is difficult to know.

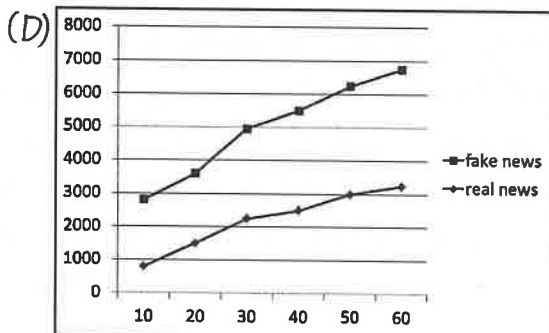
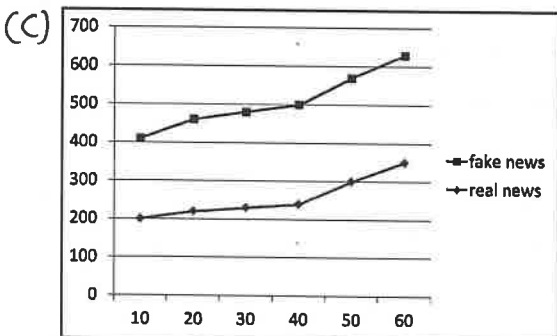
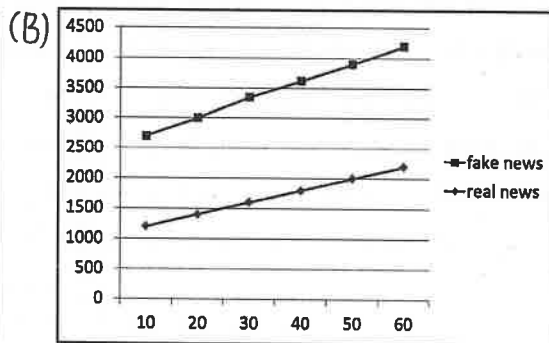
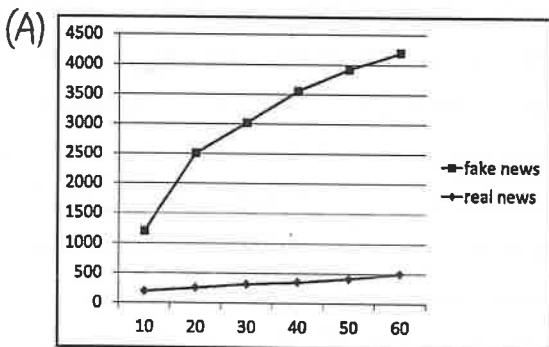
(C) No one wants to believe it. (D) It's people's own ideas, not real news.

() 43. According to the reading, which is the main reason that fake news is popular?

(A) It is usually surprising and exciting. (B) It helps people know the world better.

(C) It is useful for people to fix a problem. (D) It is easy for people to have good ideas about the world.

() 44. Which of the following can show the speed for a piece of fake news and a piece of real news to be known by people?



四、LiveABC 填入適當代號 6% (每題 1 分)

A. foreign	B. wide	C. bitter	D. gather
E. keep	AB. choice	AC. dates back to	AE. has the best

Neil is my friend; he has a (45) experience of traveling. He went to a lot of (46) countries. He enjoyed all the food there and brought yummy food back to share with his friends. This time, he brings a special food from a big town of Nepal. It is a special snack and it (47) flavor of all the sancks. He asks me to have a bite. It tastes sweet, sour, and (48) at the same time. This special snack (49) the 19th century. Now, people in Nepal (50) together on the square to buy this delicious snack every Sunday afternoon. They love it.

臺北市立萬芳高級中學 109 學年度第二學期

第一次定期考查 試卷

科目: 英文

適用班級: 國中部 801-807

範圍: Lesson1~Review1





※手寫題請用黑色原子筆作答，違者一律扣 5 分!

班級: _____ 座號: _____ 姓名: _____

選擇 (74%)	+	手寫 (26%)	=	總分
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※手寫題請用黑色原子筆作答，違者一律扣 5 分!

五、單字測驗 12% (1-4 每題 1 分, 5-8 每題 2 分)

			
1.	2.	3.	4. (c)
5. 邊; 側	6. 想念	7. 已經	8. 同意

背面尚有試題

六、填空(填入正確的答案並做適當變化)5% (每題1分)

1. The ball is _____ (big) than my ball.
2. His grades are _____ (bad) than hers.
3. Our house is clean, but _____ (they) is cleaner.
4. Tony: Mary, is this book yours? Mary: No. It's _____. (Mike)
5. Becky is _____ (famous) singer of the three.

七、依提示作答9% (每題3分)

1. than/ the skirts/ cheaper/ are / The shorts (重組句子)

2. It looks like a flower. (畫線部分造原問句)

3. Ryan is older than Ken. Ken is older than Ben. (用 of the three 合併句子)

“Everything will be okay in the end. If it's not okay, it's not the end.” - John Lennon

第一部分 聽力測驗 15% (每題 1 分)： 1-5 【ACBBA】 6-10 【ABACB】 11-15 【BBBCA】

一、辨識句意

1. Living in the mountains is so quiet.
2. The T-shirt is more expensive than the jeans.
3. Jeffery is as hard-working as his friend, Ted.
4. The pizza has beans and tomato on it.
5. Lunch time is usually the busiest time for a restaurant.

二、基本問答

6. Kevin, where's the trash can?
7. Are your jeans clean?
8. How's the butter?
9. Why did you buy the white skirt?
10. How do my new shoes look?

三、言談理解

11. B: It's so hot today. G: Yes. It's even hotter than it was yesterday.
B: But it's going to rain this afternoon. G: Great! It will be cooler then.
Q: What's the weather like today?
12. B: Judy, how was the pizza at Happy Pizza yesterday?
G: It was not as good as my mom's. But the soup there is good.
B: Your mom can make pizza? That's cool.
G: Yes, she worked at a pizza shop before. I'll ask her to make you some next time.
B: That's great! Thank you.
Q: Which is true about the dialogue?
13. W: What do you want to buy today?
M: Hmm.... I am bigger than before, so I'll buy some big T-shirts and pants today. What about you?
W: Winter is coming. It's getting cold, so I want to get some gloves and some coats.
M: OK. There is a clothes shop on the corner. Maybe we can get some nice clothes there.
W: Alright. Let's go!
Q: What do we know from the dialogue?
14. G: The weather looks terrible. B: Right. Megi is the strongest typhoon of the year.
G: It's safer to stay home today. B: I agree. Staying home is the smartest thing to do now.
Q: What do they agree on?
15. W: John, let's go shopping later! M: Sure. What are you going to buy?
W: I want to buy some new shirts. My shirts are too old. Do you want to buy something?
M: Yes, I need to buy some pants. My old pants are too small for me now.
Q: What do we know from the dialogue?

第二部分 綜合測驗 59% (16-30 題 2%; 31-35 題 1%; 36-44 題 2%; 45-50 題 1%)

16-20 【BACBD】 21-25 【BDABC】 26-30 【DDADA】 31-35 【ACDDA】

36-40 【DCCDC】 41-45 【BDAAB】 46-50 【A A E C A C D】

五、單字測驗 12%

【每題 1 分】 1. tie 2. ice cream 3. hot dog 4. clap

【每題 2 分】 5. side 6. miss 7. already 8. agree

六、填空 5% (每格 1 分)

1. bigger 2. worse 3. theirs 4. Mike's 5. the most famous

七、依提示作答 9% (每題 3 分)

1. The shorts / are cheaper / than the skirts.

2. What / does it / look like?

3. Ryan is / the / oldest of the three. 或 Ben is / the / youngest of the three.